## A STUDY ON THE MASTERY OF ABSOLUTE CONSTRUCTION STRUCTURE OF THE FIFTH SEMESTER STUDENTS OF THE ENGLISH DEPARTMENT OF MUHAMMADIYAH UNIVERSITY OF PURWOKERTO IN ACADEMIC YEAR 2011/2012



## **A THESIS**

By

## ANGGITA DINI WULANDARI

0801050016

Submitted to the English Department as a partial fulfillment of the requirement for S. Pd. degree

THE ENGLISH DEPARTMENT

TEACHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION FACULTY

MUHAMMADIYAH UNIVERSITY OF PURWOKERTO

2012

# TABLE OF CONTENT

TITLE PA	AGE	i
TABLE C	DF CONTENT	ii
ABSTRA	CT	vi
ACKNOV	VLEDGEMENT	vii
DEDICAT	ΓΙΟΝ	ix
MOTTO.	SMUHA	X
СНАРТЕ	R I: INTRODUCTION	1
A.	The Background of Study	1
B.	The Reasons of Choosing the Topic	2
C.	The Problems of Study	3
D.	The Problems of Study  The Aims of Study	3
E.	The Contribution of Study	3
F.	The Clarification of Terms	4
CHAPTE	R II: LITERATURE REVIEW	6
A.	Grammar	6
	1. The Definition of Grammar	6
	2. The Importance of Grammar	6
B.	Absolute Construction	8
	1. The Definition of Absolute Construction	8
	2. The Types of Absolute Construction	8
	a. Absolute Construction with Participles	8
	b. Absolute Construction without Participles	11
	c. Absolute Construction Preceded by With	12

	3.	The Subject in Absolute Construction	13
	4.	The Possible Meaning of Absolute Construction	14
	5.	The Position and Punctuation of Absolute Construction	16
	6.	The Stylistic Matters Related to Absolute Construction	17
	7.	The Discourse Function of Absolute Construction	19
	8.	The Focus of Types of Absolute Construction in this	
		Research.	20
Э.	En	ror Analysis	21
	1.	The Definition of Error	21
	2.	Error and Mistake	22
	3.	The Procedure of Error Analysis	23
	4.	The Types of Error	25
		a. Error Type Based on Linguistic Taxonomy	26
		b. Error Type Based on Surface Strategy Taxonomy	26
	Ш	1) Omission	27
		2) Addition	27
	1	3) Malformation	28
		c. Disordering	28
		1) Error Type Based on Comparative Analysis	29
		2) Developmental Error	29
		3) Interlingual Error	29
		4) Ambiguous Error	30
		5) Unique Error	30
		d. Error Type Based on Communicative Effect	31
		1) Global Error	31
		2) Local Error	31
	5.	The Source of Error	32
		a. Interlingual Transfer	32
		b. Intralingual Transfer	33
		c. Context of Learning	33
		d. Communication Strategies	34

e. The Possible Cause of Error	34
f. The Interference of the Learners' Mother Tongue	35
g. Over-generalization	35
h. The Ignorance of Rule Restriction	35
a. Incomplete Application of Rule	36
b. False Concepts Hypothesized	37
CHAPTER III: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	38
A. The Method of Research	38
B. The Place and Time of Research	38
C. The Population, Sample, and Sampling Technique	39
1. Population	39
2. Sample	40
3. Sampling Technique	40
D. Research Instrument	41
1. Validity of the Test	43
2. Reliability	45
E. Technique of Analyzing Data	47
1. Measuring the Students' Individual Mastery	48
2. Measuring the Average of Students' Mastery	49
3. Analyzing the Error Made by the Students	50
4. Identifying the Types of Error	50
5. Discussing the Cause and the Source of Error	51
CHAPTER IV: RESULT AND DISCUSSION	52
A. The Result of Data Analysis	52
Measuring the Students' Individual Mastery	52
2. Measuring the Average of Students' Mastery	54
3. Analyzing the Error Made by the Students	56
B. Discussion	57
1. The Analyzed Number of Item	57

a. Item Number 15	57
b. Item Number 26	59
c. Item Number 27	60
d. Item Number 32	62
2. Types of Error	65
a. Malformation Error	65
b. Omission Error	66
c. Addition Error	67
3. Measuring the Percentage of Error	68
4. Discussing the Cause and the Source of Error	69
CHAPTER V: CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION	71
A. Conclusion	71
B. Suggestion	72
BIBLIOGRAPHY	73
ADDENDAGES	- 4

Anggita Dini Wulandari, 2012. "A Study on the Mastery of Absolute Construction Structure of the Fifth Semester Students of the English Department of Muhammadiyah University of Purwokerto in Academic Year 2011/2012". Thesis. Purwokerto: Universitas Muhammadiyah Purwokerto.

#### **ABSTRACT**

The objective of the study was to find out how good the mastery on absolute construction structure is, and to find out some errors made by the fifth semester students of the English Department of Muhammadiyah University of Purwokerto in Academic Year 2011/2012.

This type of descriptive study included 38 students as the samples from 169 of the population of the fifth semester students in academic year 2011/2012 by using proportional random sampling. A test of achievement was used to get the data of the students' mastery on absolute construction. To test the validity of the instrument, the Pearson's Product Moment was utilized, and the reliability of the instrument was tested by using K-R20 formula. The data were analyzed both through qualitative and quantitative techniques. The qualitative technique was used to describe the kinds and the possible causes of errors, while the quantitative technique was used to measure the mean and the level of the students' error.

The results of the study were: (1) the number of students who had mastery in constructing absolute construction was 52.6%, and the number of failed students was 10.6% of the total number of the samples, (2) the average of students' mastery on absolute construction belonged to the category "fair", in the percentage of 56.84%, (3) 2.6% of the students were in category "very good", 50% of the students were in category "good", 36.8% of the students were in category "fair", and 10.6% of the students were in category "bad", (4) the errors were classified into malformation (78.44%), omission (14.65%), and addition (6.89%), (5) the errors were caused by intralingual transfer. The students still lacked mastery because absolute construction uncommonly appears in spoken language so that they rarely use it in their daily lives.

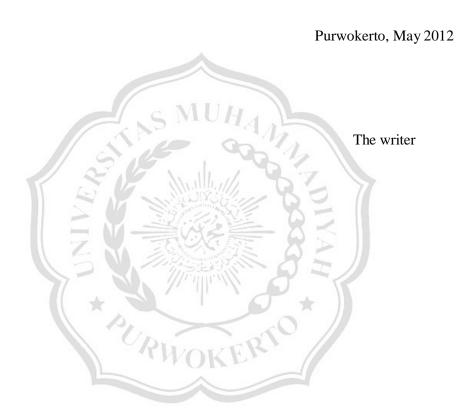
#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

First of all, the writer would like to thank to Allah SWT, who has given blessing and mercy so that the writer can finish this thesis. This thesis is submitted to fulfill one of the requirements to get S. Pd. degree from Muhammadiyah University of Purwokerto.

The writer would also like to thank to:

- Drs. Joko Purwanto, M. Si., the Dean of the Teacher Training and Education Faculty who has given the writer permission to write this thesis.
- 2. Endang Kusrini, S. Pd. M. Hum., the chief of the English Department who has given the opportunity and agreement to conduct this study.
- 3. Drs. Bambang Suroso, M. Hum. and Faisal, S. S., M. Pd., the writer's counselors who have given much attention and advice.
- 4. All of the lectures of the English Department for your dedication to teach the writer during the study.
- The fifth semester students of the English Department of Muhammadiyah University of Purwokerto in Academic Year 2011/2012.

The writer believes that this thesis still has weaknesses. Hopefully this thesis will be useful for the English education especially for teachers and English learners.



#### **DEDICATION**

By the Mercy of Allah SWT, the writer accomplished this thesis that is dedicated to:

- My beloved grandmother, mother and father for the prayers and supports. The only rock I know that stays steady, the only institution I know that works is the family.
- 2. My brothers Wibi and Yanuar, and my sister Puspa for making my life colorful.
- 3. My special one Irfan Gama Setiawan for lightening up the candles whenever the darkness comes. *Saranghaeyo*.
- 4. Laskar Cantik: Ince, Shige, Teong, Oyil, Ame, Indi, and Nopi. Friendship is like peeing on ourselves: everyone can see it, but only us get the warm feeling that it brings.
- 5. Geng Boled: Kriwil, Mamak, Kica, Viul, and Indi. We have to endure caterpillars if we want to see butterflies.
- 6. All of my lecturers in the English Department.
- 7. All of my friends in the English Department.

# **MOTTO**

Only in grammar can you be more than perfect - William Safire.

